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## In the Claims:

- 1-24 (cancelled)
- 25. (new) A distributed control system consisting of a plurality of interconnected control units, each capable of performing specific tasks or subtasks.
- 26. (new) A distributed control system in claim 25 further comprising said control system has the following attributes: i) distributed control logic; ii) fault tolerance; iii) security; and iv) distributed control;
- 27. (new) A distributed control system in claim 26 further comprising the attributes of said control system being mutually exclusive.
- 28. (new) A distributed control system in claim 25 further comprising Logic Control Units (LCUs), each one being primarily composed of a plurality of control devices grouped together, and having the following attributes: tasks or subtasks may be performed on a plurality of control units as if on a single control unit; a LCU may either comprise a single basic control device, or several basic control devices clustered together, or even enclosing other LCUs, resulting in an LCU having higher processing power capabilities; and all control units in a LCU having equal hierarchy.
- 29. (new) A distributed control system in claim 26 further comprising said Distributed Logic is a set of dynamic rules that determine the relationship among control units; and said rules develop automatically from the on-going operation of said distributed control system.
- 30. (new) A distributed control system in claim 26 further comprising each said control unit following the rules of said Distributes Logic adopts a pending task or subtask that is most

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suitable for its processing abilities.

- 31. (new) A distributed control system in claim 25 further comprising said fault tolerance consisting of two parts: detection of faulty system components; and automatic substitution of faulty system components.
- 32. (new) A distributed control system in claim 25 further comprising said fault tolerance uses a peer-based means for fault detection, in which a fault-monitoring task is dynamically distributed among all control units in the network.
- 33. (new) A distributed control system in claim 25 further comprising where if one of said control units fails to perform a task or subtask, then that task or subtask is passed to and executed by another interconnected control unit.
- 34. (new) A distributed control system in claim 25 further comprising where said fault tolerance involves virtual control unit replacement by virtue of which: a faulty control unit will be told to suspend operation; said faulty control unit will further be reported as non-operative to the distributed control system; another control unit capable of executing the tasks or subtasks will further request to execute previously assigned tasks to be executed by said faulty control unit; said faulty control unit will further transfer its currently assigned task or subtask to a requesting control unit; and subsequently said requesting control unit will execute said tasks or subtasks.
- 35. (new) A distributed control system in claim 25 further comprising said security consisting of using a secure communication protocol implementing data encryption and controller authentication means.

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- 36. (new) A method that encloses or complements existing distributed control systems comprising the steps of: having a plurality of interconnected control units, with each capable of performing specific tasks or subtasks.
- 37. (new) The method in Claim 37 further comprising said control system has the following attributes: i) distributed control logic; ii) fault tolerance; iii) security; and iv) distributed control.
- 38. (new) The method in Claim 38 further comprising the attributes of said control system being mutually exclusive.
- 39. (new) The method in Claim 37 further comprising logical organizational units (LCUs), each one being primarily composed of a plurality of control devices grouped together, and having the following attributes: tasks or subtasks may be performed on a plurality of control units as if on a single control unit; a LCU may either comprise a single basic control device, or several basic control devices clustered together, or even enclosing other LCUs, resulting in an LCU having higher processing power capabilities; and all control units in a LCU having equal hierarchy.
- 40. (new) The method in Claim 38 further comprising said Distributed Logic is a set of dynamic rules that determine the relationship among control units; and said rules develop automatically from the on-going operation of said distributed control system..
- 41. (new) The method in Claim 38 further comprising each said control unit following the rules of said Distributed Logic adopts a pending task or subtask that is most suitable for its processing abilities.